

$$(1+x^2)y'' + 5xy' + 3y = 0 \quad \text{Diferencijalna jednačina (D.J.)}$$

Rješenje tražimo u obliku

$$y = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + \dots + a_nx^n + \dots = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n \quad (1)$$

gde  $a_i$  su neodređeni koeficijenti  $i \in \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$

Zadatak će biti riješen kada:

1) Nađemo  $a_i$ , zamjenjujući (1) i njegove  $y'$  i  $y''$  u D.J.

$$y' = a_1 + 2a_2x + 3a_3x^2 + \dots + na_nx^{n-1} + \dots = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} na_nx^{n-1}$$

$$y'' = 2a_2 + 3 \cdot 2a_3x + \dots + n(n-1)a_nx^{n-2} + \dots = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1)a_nx^{n-2}$$

2) Provjerimo dali dobiveni red je konvergentan u nekoj oblasti.

$$(1+x^2) \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1)a_n x^{n-2} + 5x \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1} + 3 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1)a_n x^{n-2} + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1)a_n x^n + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 5n a_n x^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 3a_n x^n = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{2 \cdot 1 a_2} + \underline{3 \cdot 2 a_3 x} + \underline{4 \cdot 3 a_4 x^2} + \underline{5 \cdot 4 a_5 x^3} + \underline{6 \cdot 5 a_6 x^4} + \underline{7 \cdot 6 a_7 x^5} + \dots + \\ & \quad + \underline{2 \cdot 1 a_2 x^2} + \underline{3 \cdot 2 a_3 x^3} + \underline{4 \cdot 3 a_4 x^4} + \underline{5 \cdot 4 a_5 x^5} + \dots + \\ & \quad + \underline{5 a_1 x} + \underline{5 \cdot 2 a_2 x^2} + \underline{5 \cdot 3 a_3 x^3} + \underline{5 \cdot 4 a_4 x^4} + \underline{5 \cdot 5 a_5 x^5} + \dots + \\ & \quad + \underline{3 a_0} + \underline{3 a_1 x} + \underline{3 a_2 x^2} + \underline{3 a_3 x^3} + \underline{3 a_4 x^4} + \underline{3 a_5 x^5} + \dots = 0 \end{aligned}$$

isped člana:  $2a_2 + 3a_0 = 0 \Rightarrow a_2 = -\frac{3}{2}a_0$

isped  $x$ :  $3 \cdot 2a_3 + 5 \cdot 1a_1 + 3a_1 = 0 \Rightarrow a_3 = -\frac{4}{3}a_1$

$x^2$ :  $4 \cdot 3a_4 + 2 \cdot 1a_2 + 5 \cdot 2a_2 + 3a_2 = 0 \Rightarrow 12a_4 + 15a_2 = 0 \Rightarrow a_4 = -\frac{5}{4}a_2$

$x^3$ :  $5 \cdot 4a_5 + 3 \cdot 2a_3 + 5 \cdot 3a_3 + 3a_3 = 0$

$x^n$ :  $(n+2)(n+1)a_{n+2} + \underbrace{5n}_{5na_n} a_n + n(n-1)a_n + 3a_n = 0$

$$(n+2)(n+1)a_{n+2} + a_n(5n + n^2 - n + 3) = 0$$

$$(n+2)(n+1)a_{n+2} + a_n(n^2 + 4n + 3) = 0$$

$$(n+2)(n+1)a_{n+2} + a_n(n+3)(n+1) = 0 \quad /: (n+1) \quad ; n \neq -1$$

$$\boxed{(n+2)a_{n+2} + a_n(n+3) = 0}$$

t.j.  $\boxed{(n+2)a_{n+2} = -(n+3)a_n} \Rightarrow a_{n+2} = -\frac{n+3}{n+2}a_n$

$a_0 = a_0$

$a_1 = a_1$

$a_2 = -\frac{3}{2}a_0$

$a_3 = -\frac{4}{3}a_1$

$a_4 = -\frac{5}{4} \cdot (-\frac{3}{2})a_0 = \frac{5 \cdot 3}{4 \cdot 2} a_0$

$a_5 = -\frac{6}{5} a_3 = -\frac{6}{5} \cdot (-\frac{4}{3})a_1 = \frac{6 \cdot 4}{5 \cdot 3} a_1$

$a_6 = -\frac{7}{6} a_4 = -\frac{7}{6} \cdot \frac{5 \cdot 3}{4 \cdot 2} a_0 = -\frac{7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3}{6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2} a_0$

$a_7 = -\frac{8}{7} a_5 = -\frac{8}{7} \cdot \frac{6 \cdot 4}{5 \cdot 3} a_1 = -\frac{8 \cdot 6 \cdot 4}{7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3} a_1$

$a_8 = -\frac{9}{8} a_6 = -\frac{9}{8} \cdot (-\frac{7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3}{6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2} a_0) = \frac{9 \cdot 7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3}{8 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2} a_0$

Vidimo daćemo sve dobiti pomoću koeficijenta

$a_0, a_1$ .  $a_0, a_2, a_4, a_6, a_8, \dots$  preko  $a_0$

$a_1, a_3, a_5, a_7, a_9, \dots$  preko  $a_1$ .

Da vidimo šta namo saća za

rešenje:

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x - \frac{3}{2} a_0 x^2 - \frac{4}{3} a_1 x^3 + \frac{5 \cdot 3}{4 \cdot 2} a_0 x^4 + \frac{6 \cdot 4}{5 \cdot 3} a_1 x^5 - \frac{7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3}{6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2} a_0 x^6 - \frac{8 \cdot 6 \cdot 4}{7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3} a_1 x^7 +$$

$$+ \frac{9 \cdot 7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3}{8 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2} a_0 x^8 + \frac{10 \cdot 8 \cdot 6 \cdot 4}{9 \cdot 7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3} a_1 x^9 + \dots + \dots$$

$$y = a_0 \left( 1 - \frac{3}{2} x^2 + \frac{5 \cdot 3}{4 \cdot 2} x^4 - \frac{7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3}{6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2} x^6 + \frac{9 \cdot 7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3}{8 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2} x^8 - \dots \right) +$$

$$+ a_1 \left( x - \frac{4}{3} x^3 + \frac{6 \cdot 4}{5 \cdot 3} x^5 - \frac{8 \cdot 6 \cdot 4}{7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3} x^7 + \frac{10 \cdot 8 \cdot 6 \cdot 4}{9 \cdot 7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3} x^9 - \dots \right)$$

• 2) možemo i gore i dolje zlog faktorijela!

$$y = a_0 \cdot \underbrace{\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (2n+1)!!}{(2n)!!} x^{2n}}_{f(x)} + a_1 \cdot \frac{x}{2} \cdot \underbrace{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} (2n)!!}{(2n-1)!!} x^{2n-2}}_{g(x)}$$

$$y = a_0 \cdot f(x) + a_1 \cdot \frac{x}{2} \cdot g(x)$$